

No 1a)

- Escalating poverty levels
- Drug abuse
- Limited sex education
- Increased emphasis about respect of fundamental human rights
- Lack of sex satisfaction in marriage
- Exposure to pornographic literature
- Desire to taste manhood and woman hood
- Peer group influence
- Diseases i.e AIDs
- Availability of commercial sex
- Sickness of one partners i.e menstrual period
- Unemployment problem

No 1b)

- Through preaching against the evil without fear or favour
 - By calling upon people involved in the practice to repent
 - Through providing material needs to the less privileged in society
 - Through encouraging parents to provide emotional and material need to children
 - Through organising conferences for the married people
 - Through encouraging hard work among Christians
 - Through constructing homes for the married people and destitute and providing them with basic needs
 - Through encouraging marriage partners to satisfy each other's sexual desires
- Through advising them that people who are involved in sex deviation will not inherit God's kingdom

No 2a)

- Virginity was highly respected
- Sex was considered holly
- Sex was sacred and roles were emphasized
- Some men got blessings by playing sex
- When death occurred, parents played sex to replace the deceased
- Sex education formed a back bone of traditional African education
- Incest was forbidden
- Sexual organs were regarded as sacred
- Children were threatened with blindness if they looked at their parent's nakedness
- Loss of virginity before marriage was very embarrassing
- A virgin girl was praised and both her parents
- Those caught in sex before marriage were punished
- Pre-marital sex such as fornication was not allowed
- Sex was secret only to be known by married adults
- Sex was strictly between a male and female human being
- Sex was used to show hospitality to victors
- Traditional societies had no room for celibates

No 2b)

- Some parents are too shy
- They think sex education is a role of teachers
- Children are too afraid and not free with their parents

- Children think that their parent's advice is out dated
- Some parents do not stay with their children
- Most children spend most of their children in boarding schools
- Some parents are not knowledgeable enough
- Some children are rebellious to their parents
- There is a problem of broken homes
- Some people are too poor to access mass media
- Some parents are too busy to busy to sit down with their children
- Most of the mass media is limited in urban areas
- Inter- marriages also hinder sex education

No 3a)

- An appreciation to the parents of the girls
- Served as a certificate for marriage and a pre-requite
- Served as a replacement to the girl's family
- Showed the seriousness of the man towards marriage
- Helped the brothers of the girl to marry
- It cemented the value of the girl
- It cultivated the spirit of respect among the young people
- Proved to the girl's family that the man would be able to look after their girl
- Strengthened the good relationship between relatives of the boys and those of the girls
- Encouraged hard work among the couples
- Served as a way of informing the ancestors that the girl was married
- Source of wealth to the girl's family

No 3b)

- It is a form of appreciation to the parents
- It serves as a replacement to the girl's family
- Way's of proving the boy's seriousness and commitment
- Payment is biblical to know the relatives in a formal way
- It facilitates church marriage
- Leads to attainment of material things to the girl's family
- Helps to promote discipline among the young people
- Enables couples to attain blessings
- The couple attains respect and status from society members
- It is a way of expressing love in action
- Strengthens the marriage union as it makes the affair a public one
- A way of showing respect to parents

No 4a)

- Family instabilities
- Barrenness
- Adultery or sexual unfaithfulness
- Alcoholism and abuse of other drugs
- Witch craft tendencies in the family
- Financial hardships and lack of openness
- Laziness on part of one of the partners
- Tribal and cultural differences between partners
- Influence of bad companions especially marriage failures
- Misinterpretation of the women emancipation movement

- Generation gap between parents and children
- Forced marriages can contribute to family breakups
- Natural problems such as impotence
- Negative influence of extended family members
- Mental disease and disorders as a result of accidents
- Decline in morals due to general permissiveness
- Excessive job commitments

No 4b)

- Praying for God's intervention
- Encouraging sex education in churches
- Providing education for all
- Encouraging self control and restraint among people
- Promoting moral conduct among the people
- Providing jobs to the youth
- Encouraging good peer relations among people
- Encouraging hard work
- Promoting patience
- Encouraging holy living among people
- Set up income generating activities
- Provide counseling and guidance to all Christians
- Provide food examples to Christians

No 5a)

- Employers refuse to implement what was agreed
- Decline in safety standards at the work place
- High profits earned by employers
- When all possible means of striking a compromise with employer have failed
- Impending decision by employer to lay off some workers
- Strategies which are viewed by workers as being selfish and insensitive
- Employer being reluctant to grant workers a reasonable pay
- Some employers minimise trade union leaders
- Sectarianism
- Witchcraft
- Promotions
- Harassment
- Sexual exploitation

No 5b)

- They help professions to meet the obligations of their customer
- Builds up the image of reliability and creates reputation
- Helps business men to make profits
- Ethics increase the engagement in fair trading practices
- Enables business men to make profits
- Enables business to win government support
- Business operate with in moral and legal frame work
- Leads to societal recognition
- Helps professionals to be trust worthy and recognises the customers
- Helps in management of the business
- Promotes the welfare of the employees and their families

- Helps to provide the expected wage to the workers
- Helps in the recruitment of incompetent workers
- Helps to improve the performance of employers by training

No 6a)

- Bad policies that do not favour freedom and general well beings of workers
- Delays in giving payment to workers
- Low pay when determining salaries of workers
- Favoritism of the employees
- Poor working conditions
- Dishonesty and acts of theft
- Employees who drink too much when they show up for work
- Assigning too much work to employees that they show up for work and cannot accomplish
- Some employers are cruel and cantankerous
- Bosses who do not care at all about the welfare of workers
- Employees showing up for work late
- Trade union meddling too much in the employer employee relationship
- Carelessness and incompetence of workers
- Some bosses create a distance between them and the employers

No 6b)

- Praying for God's intervention
- Encouraging sex education in churches
- Providing education for all
- Encouraging self control and restrain among people
- Provide job in the youth
- Promoting moral conduct among the people
- Encouraging good peer relations among people
- Respect of bodies as temple of God
- Encouraging youth camps on the religious teachings and about world affairs
- Promoting marriage among the youth
- Encouraging repentance and reconciliation among people
- Encouraging hard work
- Promoting patience.

NO 7(a)

- Helps in imparting self-discipline among participants
- Form of entertainment and enjoyment
- Makes participants popular
- Can be a gesture of co-operation and friendship
- Source of employment and income to the professionals
- Promotes physical fitness and health of individuals
- It helps people to develop a competitive spirit
- Important in doing away with boredom
- Achieving material rewards i.e medals
- Encourages international co-operations
- Encourages spirit of team work and co-operation
- Provide outlet for emotions by both participants and spectators
- Mental refreshment especially after a serious mental exercise
- Helps an individual to exploit his talent and use it to benefit

NO7 (b)

- Build the morals of people
- There was time for leisure since it went on side by side with work as need arose
- The elders in society used it to educate the young
- Were tailored towards helping people identify and develop their talents
- Always respected sex differences and they limited free inter actions between people of different sexes
- At times they were designed to enhance spiritual development
- People were required to use it to enhance social relationships
- Accompanying completion of puberty rituals
- Marriage ceremonies were also moments of great celebration
- Whenever a person died work would cease, there was plenty of leisure
- Young were taught how to be wise and how to fit in society
- At times it could be used to get food

NO 8(a)

- IS misused through sponsoring murder of opponents
- Practicing sex immorality
- Misuse of leisure inform of over drinking
- Though acts of corruption
- Through sponsoring violence
- Through buying immoral literature
- Influence judgement in courts of law
- An influence in dirty deals
- Influence of betrayal of one another
- Influences rigging of elections
- Paying for un religious activity such as nude shows
- Misused through accumulation luxuries of life
- Miss used through influencing abuse of professional ethics

No 8(b)

- Through hard working
- Through praying to God
- Getting bank loans
- Through fundraising
- Through inheritance
- Through donations and gifts
- Through starting up small projects
- Through involving in agriculture
- Through receiving retirement packages
- Specialisation in areas of academics

NO 9(a)

- The police release the criminals
- A result of teargas and other means of cohesion
- Police taking long to intervene
- Lengthy time taken while investigating cases
- Miss handling suspects involved
- To a large extent, crimes can be caused by other factors
- Lack of parental care
- Drug abuse

- Increasing poverty
- Permissiveness in society
- Unemployment problem
- Bad examples from some religious leaders
- Corruption in courts of law
- Political activities i.e rigging elections

NO 9(b)

- Preaching the gospel of repentance
- Encouraging forgiveness and reconciliation
- Respect of civil authority and state laws
- Bringing up children with moral acceptance
- Church leaders showing good examples
- Preaching against root cause of crimes
- Teaching of Christian ethics
- Organizing seminars for Christians
- Condemning Christians from taking excessive alcohol
- Respect of every person's fundamental human rights and freedoms

NO 10a)

- Taking politics as business
- Ignorance of masses about their fundamental human rights
- Greed for power
- Tribalism that paves way for electing incompetent leaders
- High level of poverty
- Escalating level of illiteracy
- Many mistakes committed by those in power
- Division caused by political parties
- Widening economic gap
- Influence and support from developed countries
- Limited levels of nationalism and patriotism
- Corruption
- Revolution and army groups
- The strong involvement of the army in public

No 10(b)

- Participate in educating and sensitizing the masses
- Sensitising masses about their fundamental human rights
- Participating in political activities
- Encouraging formal education
- Opposing undemocratic tendencies
- Encouraging gov't to address poverty through physical and monetary policies
- Teaching of nationalism
- Bring up morally upright children
- Encouraging transparency and accountability
- Limiting the powers of leaders by the constitution
- Formulation of political parties
- Bring up morally upright children

NO 11a)

- Political instabilities and civil wars
- Religious discrimination

- Political vitimisation by those in power
- Racial discrimination
- Geographical catastrophes
- Cultural practices
- Tribalism
- Sexual decimation
- Some people become refugees because of running away from justice
- Unemployment
- Population explosion and the resultant consequences
- Occupational and professional discrimination

11(b)

- There is high rate of disease spread in the areas affected
- They have caused land shortage problems
- Hostility from the local communities
- it has led to erosion of culture
- High cases of crime
- Some act as spies causing tension to the people around
- Increased government expenditure
- Food shortages
- Congestion in the areas
- Unemployment problem
- Increased pressure on existing facilities and resources

NO 12(a)

- People's biases towards others
- Colonial policies
- Boastfulness due to pride
- Ignorance
- Selfishness and lack of eagerness to share out the national cake
- Apathy as some people look at issues from a narrow perspective
- Lack of tolerance towards the values which people hold to the highest esteem
- Conservatism and unwillingness to accept change
- Irreligion of many people
- Difference in the colour

12(b)

- Church ought to emphasise the man kind was created in the image and likeness of God
- Christians are reminded that God alone in the fair and just judge
- Christians ought to pray for those who are discriminated
- Christians can instill a sense of equality and universality
- There is need for limitless love among all God's people
- Establishing institutions to cater for the disadvantage
- Christians need to preach against discrimination
- Christians are called upon to develop a spirit of service
- Alleviating the suffering of the poor by providing medical care
- Christians can work together to pass legislation with guarantees equality of all external consideration