NORY INTERNA	TIONAL SCHOOL		
REVISEDLES FOR	SSON NOTES		
stpapers FOR	YR.2		
FOR YR.2 MATHEMATICS TERM III 2023			

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

THEME: Peace and Security

SUB THEME: People in our sub- county

COMPETENCES: Counts in order

Identifies the numbers

Writes the numbers

METHOD: Guided discovery Guided discussion T/L AIDS: Counters, pupils, books Mk bk2

INTRODUCTION: Counting from 1-100.

ITRO	DUCTION: Counting from 1-100.
ONT	ENT: Counting and writing numbers symbols 100-500
	100,101,102,103,104,105,106,107,108,109,110
	111,112,113,114,115,116,117,118,119,120,121
	122,123,124,125,126,127,128,129,130,131,132
	133, 134, 135, 136500
ill in	the missing numbers
1.	100, 101,, 103,, 105.
2.	210, 211, 212,, 214, 215,
3.	10, 20,, 50, 50,, 70, 80.
4.	300, 301,, 303, 304,, 305, 306.
5.	400, 410, 420,, 440, 450, 460,
6.	0, 5, 10,, 20, 25,, 35, 40,,
7.	0, 2, 4,, 8, 10, 12,, 16, 18.
8.	130
	ONT III in 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

THEME: Peace and security

SUB THEME: Roles of people who keep peace

COMPETENCES: Counts in order

Writes the missing numbers

METHOD: Guided discovery

T/L AIDS: Counters pupils bk2

INTRODUCTION:Counting from 200-300

CONTENT: Counting and writing numbers symbols from 500-

2500,501,502,503,504,505,506,507,508,509,510

5511,512,513,514,515,516,517,518,519,520,521

o 522,523,524,525,526,527,528,529,530

Exercise

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Write the missing numbers

- 1. 500, ____, 502, ____, 504, ____, 506
- 2. 510, ____, 530, ____, 550, ____, 570
- 3. 600, _____, 400, _____, 200, _____.
- 4. 2, ____, 6, ____, 10, ____, 14, ____, 20
- 5. 991, 992, ____, 994, ____, 996, ____, 998
- 6.
 10, 20, 30, ____, ___, 70

 7.
 5, ____, 15, ____, 25, ____, 35, 40

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

THEME: Peace and Security

SUB THEME: Roles of people who keep peace

COMPETENCES: Counts numbers

Writes numbers in words

Reads numbers

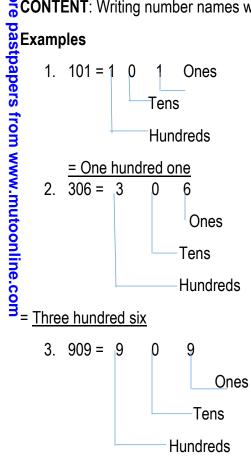
METHOD: Guided discovery

T/L AIDS: A chart with the numbers

INTRODUCTION:The lesson: counting in tens

CONTENT: Writing number names with 0 in the middle





= Nine hundred nine

Exercise

Write the following in words

- 1. 205
- 2. 309
- 3. 106
- 4. 404
- 5. 708
- 6. 905 7. 601
- 8. 503

8. 503				
9. 804				
5				
loa				
	01	No. of accelle	TINAT	
Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME	
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THEME: peace a	and coourity			
	ind security			
SUB THEME: Ro	les of people who keep	peace and security		
	- Identifice a sussels are			

COMPETENCES: Identifies numbers

Grouping numbers METHOD: Guided discovery Guided discussion T/L AIDS: counters, pupils text books INTRODUCTION: Through regiments

³INTRODUCTION: Through reviewing the previous lesson

CONTENT: Division

1. $10 \div 2 = 5$ 2. $12 \div 3 = 4$ 3. $9 \div 3 = 3$

4. 8 ÷ 4= 2

Exercise

Divide the following numbers

- 1. 12 ÷ 2 =
- 2. 18 ÷ 2 =
- 3. 20÷2=
- 4. 24÷2=
- 5. 30÷3=
- 6. 12 ÷4 =
- 7. 18 ÷3 = 8. 21÷3=
- 9. 27 ÷3=
- 10. 30÷ 5 =

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME
<u>8</u>			

THEME: peace and security

SUB THEME: Roles of people who keep peace and security

Divides accurately

COMPETENCES: Counts Groups Divides accura METHOD: Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Review of th INTRODUCTION: Review of the previous lesson

CONTENT: Long division

Example:

	2. <u> </u>
	3. 24
	4. 2 10
Dow	5. 39
nload	6. 6 12
more	7. 36
pastp	8. 3 15
apers	9. 26
from	10. 4 8
www.	11. 2 8
mutoo	12. 5 10
nline.com	

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: ways of child protection

COMPETENCES: Identifies the money

Names money

Counts money

METHOD: Observation Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Sing a song about money

CONTENT: Money

We have five coins

Coin		We read	We write
		Fifty shillings	Shs. 50
		One hundred shillings	Shs. 100
		Two hundred shillings	Shs. 200
		Five hundred shillings	Shs. 500
		One thousand shillings	Shs. 1000
Read	and write:		
1. Th	nree hundred shillings	=	
1. Th 2. Ei 3. Fo	ght hundred shillings	=	
	J		

- 1. Three hundred shillings = _____
- 2. Eight hundred shillings = _____
- 3. Four hundred shillings = _____
- 4. One thousand shillings = _____
- 5. One hundred shillings = _____

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: ways of child protection

 Describes the money values

 METHOD: Observation

pas

Guided discovery

CONTENT: Money (notes)

We have 6 notes in Uganda. All these notes in thousands.

Notes (we read in words)	We write in figures	
1. One thousand shillings	Shs. 1000	
2. Two thousand shillings	Shs. 2000	
 Five thousand shillings 	Shs. 5000	
4. Ten thousand shillings	Shs. 10000	
5. Twenty thousand shillings	Shs. 20000	
6. Fifty thousand shillings	Shs. 50000	
3		

1. How much is the smallest note unit?

- 2. How much is the biggest note? Read and write in figures.
- 3. Twenty two thousand shillings
- 4. Two thousand shillings
- 5. Ten thousand shilling
- 6. Six thousand shillings
- 7. Three thousand shillings
- 8. Five thousand shillings

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: ways of child protection

COMPETENCES: Reads and writes money Changes money freely METHOD: observation INTRODUCTION: A song about money CONTENT: Changing Money (practical lesson) **G**Example Shs. 100 = Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 Shs. 200 = Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 Shs. 200 = Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 Shs. 100 = Shs. 100 + Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 Shs. 500 = Shs. 200 + Shs. 200 + Shs. 100 Shs. 500 = Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 Shs. 500 = Shs. 100 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 200 + Shs. 100 1. How many Shs. 50 coins make Shs. 100 coins? 2. How many Shs. 100 coins make Shs. 500 con? 3. How many Shs. 500 coins make Shs. 1000? 4. How many Shs. 1000 coins/notes make Shs. 5000? 5. How many Shs. 2000 notes make Shs. 10000?

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: ways of child protection

Adds money correctly Counts money METHOD: Observation Guided discovery

CONTENT: Addition of money

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1. Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 Shs. 50 + Shs. 50 Shs. 100

2. Shs. 450 + Shs. 450 Shs. 450 +Shs. 450 Shs. 900

3. Shs. 350 + Shs. 100 Shs. 350 +Shs. 100 Shs. 450

Add the following

- 1. Shs. 150 + Shs. 100 2. Shs. 450 + Shs. 50 3. Shs. 100 + Shs. 200 4. Shs. 450 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 50 5. Shs. 200 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 50 6. Shs. 600 + Shs. 300 7. Shs. 1000 + Shs. 800 8. Shs. 500 + Shs. 100 + Shs. 200 9. Shs. 300 + Shs. 50 10. Shs. 700 + Shs. 200

from www

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Children's rights

COMPETENCES: Reads questions

Interprets questions

Recognizes and adds money accurately

METHOD: Guided discovery

Explanation

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

SCONTENT: Addition of money in words problem

1. Akoth had Shs. 200. Her father gave her Shs. 100. How much money did she have altogether?

Shs. 200

+Shs. 100

Shs. 300

- 2. Arthur had Shs. 300. His aunt gave him Shs. 200. How much did he have altogether?
- 3. Tino had Shs. 650. Her friend gave her Shs. 250. How much did she have altogether?
- 4. Shs. 700 plus Shs. 250.

- 5. Tr. Keren had Shs. 350. Tr. Racheal gave her Shs. 450. How much did she have altogether?
- 6. Shs. 700 plus Shs. 250.
- 7. Shs. 550 plus Shs. 150.

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child work and abuse

COMPETENCES: Identifies money Counts money Multiplies money METHOD: Observation

Explanation INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lesson

CONTENT: Multiplication of money

1. 1 book costs Shs. 200. How much money do 2 books cost? Shs. 200

<u>x</u> 2 Shs. 400

www.mutoonline.com

- 2. How much do 3 books cost? Shs. 200 *x* 3 Shs. 600
- 3. A pencil costs Shs. 100

a) How much do 2 pencils cost?

Shs. 100 *x* 2

Shs. 200

b) How much do 4 pencils cost? Shs. 100 *x* 4 Shs. 400

Exercise

- 1. 1 cake costs Shs. 200
 - a) 2 cakes cost _____
 - b) 3 cakes cost
 - c) 5 cakes cost _____
- 2. 1 ruler costs Shs. 500
 - a) 2 rulers
 - b) 3
 - c) 4
- 3. 1 banana costs Shs. 100
 - A. 3 bananas
 - B. 2 bananas
 - C. 5 bananas
 - D. 4 bananas

D		b) 3	3 cakes cost	_	
Ň		c) 5	o cakes cost	_	
ownload	2.	1 ruler co	osts Shs. 500		
ăd		a) 2	2 rulers		
B		b) 3	}		
more		c) 4	ļ		
ba	3.	1 banana	a costs Shs. 100		
Istp		A. 3	B bananas		
Dap		B. 2	2 bananas		
ĕr		C. 5	bananas		
f		D. 4	bananas		
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≩ Da	ate		Class	No. of pupils	TIME
<u> </u>				·	· · · ·

THEME: Child protection

SUB THEME: Child work and abuse

COMPETENCES: Reads and identifies

Counts money

Subtracts accurately

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

14

1.	Shs. 600 – Shs. 400 Shs. 600 -Shs. 400 Shs. 200
2.	Shs. 900 – Shs. 350 Shs. 900 -Shs. 350 Shs. 550
-	Shs. 850 – Shs. 350 Shs. 850 -Shs. 350 Shs. 500
Ibtra	act the following
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Shs. 850 – Shs. 250 Shs. 1000 – Shs. 450 Shs. 300 – Shs. 100 Shs. 450 – Shs. 100 Shs. 800 – Shs. 500 Shs. 500 – Shs. 150 Shs. 650 – Shs. 50 Shs. 400 – Shs. 300 Shs. 900 – Shs. 600 Shs. 250 – Shs. 150

CONTENT: Subtraction of money

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Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child work and abuse

COMPETENCES: Reads questions

Counts well

Subtracts money

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Subtraction of money

- CONTENT: Subtraction of mon
 Finding the change "balance"
 1. I had Shs. 850. I bought a Shs. 850
 Shs. 450
 Shs. 400
 2. Martha had Shs. 1000. Shs. 1000
 Shs. 500
 Shs. 500
 Shs. 500
 Shs. 500
 Shs. 500 1. I had Shs. 850. I bought a soda at Shs. 450. How much remained?
 - 2. Martha had Shs. 1000. She bought milk at Shs. 500. How much remained?

- 1. Akoth had Shs. 500. She gave away Shs. 200. How much money remained?
- 2. Solomon had Shs. 650. He gave Shs. 150 to his brother. How much money remained?
- 3. Victoria had Shs. 700. She gave Shs. 200 to kyewajja. How much money remained?
- 4. Agnes had Shs. 850. She gave Shs. 350 to Tr. Douglas. How much remained?
- 5. Agula had Shs. 950. He bought a book at Shs. 450.
- 6. How much money remained?

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child abuse and work

COMPETENCES: Reads questions

Identifies place values and arranges vertically

METHOD: Observation Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons CONTENT: Addition

Dast Examples

 1.
 122

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 12

 2.

 21!

 2

 +1

 3

 3.

 41

 4

 1. 122 + 213 = 123 +213 335 **2.** 215 + 132 = 215 +132 347 **3.** 413 + 243 = 413 +243 656 Add these: 1. 120 + 135 2. 111 + 233 3. 221 + 263 4. 423 + 111 5. 629 + 100

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child work and abuse

COMPETENCES: Reads questions

Identifies

Groups correctly to get the answer

METHOD: Guided discovery

VINTRODUCTION: Review of the previous lesson

	DNT	EN	T: N	/lulti	plic	ation	
ad mo	1.	1 r	2				
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w mo	3.	1	2				
₹.	_	x	3	_			
w.m	_	3	3 6	_			
ltoor	4.	2 <i>x</i> 6	3				
i i	_	x	3	_			
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	erci	se					
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		r	2				
	_	л		-			
	2.	1	2				
		r	2				
	-	x	2	-			

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	3. 1 0 x 2	
	4. 1 5 2	
	5. 1 3 x 3	
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T	HEME: Child pro	
	OMPETENCES:	Reads

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

COMPETENCES: Reads

Identifies paces of numbers

Multiplies correctly through grouping

METHOD: Guided discovery

Guided discussion

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Multiplication (word problems)

- One bird has 2 wings. How many wings do 3 birds have?
 3 x 2 = 6 wings
- A rabbit has 2 ears. How many ears do 13 rabbits have?
 13 x 2 = 26 ears
- 3. A girl has 2 hands. How many hands do 33 girls have?
- 4. A man has 2 legs. How many legs do 10 men have?

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME
THEME: Child prote	ection		
SUB THEME: Child COMPETENCES: R Multi METHOD: Guided d Guided d INTRODUCTION: R CONTENT: Multipli 1. 1 0 $\underline{x \ 4}$ $\underline{4 \ 0}$ 2. 1 1 $\underline{x \ 4}$	rights		
COMPETENCES: R	eads questions		
Multi	plies the given numb	ers	
METHOD: Guided d	liscovery		
Guided d	iscussion		
INTRODUCTION: R	eview of previous les	sons	
CONTENT: Multipli	cation		
1. 1 0			
$\frac{x 4}{4 0}$			
2. 1 1			
<u>x</u> 4			
4 4			
3. 1 2			
<u>x 4</u>			
4 8			

Multiply		
1.	1 2 <i>x</i> 4	
2.	1 3 <i>x</i> 4	
,	1 0 <i>x</i> 4	
4.	1 3 <i>x</i> 4	
4. 	1 3 <i>x</i> 3	
Date		

Download more pastpapers from www.m utoon	<i>x</i> 4 4. 1 3 <i>x</i> 4			
stpapers from ww	5. 1 3 x 3			
V.mutoor	ate	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child abuse

COMPETENCES: Reads the questions

Interprets the questions

Multiplies correctly through grouping

METHOD: Guided discovery

Guided discussion

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Multiplication

- 1. A chair has 4 legs. How many legs do 2 chairs have? 4 x 2 = 8 legs
- 2. A car has 4 wheels. How many wheels do 10 cars have? $4 \times 10 = 40$ wheels

Work out

Download m

- 1. A cow has 4 legs. How many legs do 10 cows have?
- 2. A van has 4 wheels. How many wheels do 6 vans have?
- 3. A goat has 4 legs. How many legs do 12 goats have?
- 4. A rabbit has 4 legs. How many legs do 13 rabbits have?
- 5. A table has 4 legs. How many legs do 20 tables have?
- 6. A chair has 4 legs. How many legs do 20 chairs have?

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME
b a			

THEME: Child protection

COMPETENCES: Reads the questions Identifies place values Multiplies accurately

METHOD: Guided discovery toon

Guided discussion

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Multiplication

- **1**. 1 0
 - *x* 5 5 0
- **2**. 1 1
 - *x* 5 6 5

3.	2	0
	x	5
_	10	0

Multiply

1.	2 1 <i>x</i> 5
2.	3 0 <i>x</i> 5
	2 1 <i>x</i> 5
4.	4 0 <i>x</i> 5
5.	2 0 <i>x</i> 5
6.	5 1 <i>x</i> 5
7.	1 1 <i>x</i> 4
8.	4 2 <i>x</i> 5

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Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child rights

COMPETENCES: Reads the questions

Identifies place values

Multiplies correctly			
METHOD: Guided discovery Guided discussion INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons CONTENT: Multiplication			
Guided discussion			
INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons			
CONTENT: Multiplication			
1. 1 1 $\frac{x 6}{7 6}$			
1. 1 1 $\frac{x 6}{7 6}$ 2. 3 0 $\frac{x 6}{180}$ 3. 1 0 $\frac{x 6}{20}$			
3. 1 0 x = 6 6 = 0			

Exercise

2 <i>x</i>	
2 <i>x</i>	

-	<i>x</i> 6
	4 0 <i>x</i> 6
	5 1 <i>x</i> 6
	2 0 <i>x</i> 6
	2 2 <i>x</i> 6
8.	1 3 <i>x</i> 6
9.	1 4 <i>x</i> 6
-	

3. 3 1

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Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child rights

COMPETENCES: Reads the questions

Interprets the questions

Multiplies accurately

METHOD: Guided discovery Guided discussion INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

- **CONTENT: Word problems 1. There are 6 chairs on** $2 \ x \ 6 = 12$ chairs **2. One packet** has 6 pen $6 \ x \ 6 = 36$ pencils **Exercise** 1. There are 6 chairs on each table. How many chairs are there on 2 tables?
 - 2. One packet has 6 pencils. How many pencils are there in 6 packets?

- 1. A bucket holds 6 oranges. How many oranges are there in 7 buckets?
- 2. A book has 6 papers. How many papers do 10 books have?
- 3. A car has 6 wheels. How many wheels do 8 cars have?
- 4. A basket contains 6 mangoes. How many mangoes do 12 baskets hold?
- 5. A table has 6 chairs. How many chairs do 9 tables have?
- 6. A tins holds 6 liters. How many liters do 8 tins hold?

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child rights

COMPETENCES: Reads the questions

Interprets the questions

Multiplies the given number

Multiplies the given number METHOD: Guided discovery Guided discussion INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons CONTENT: Multiplication 1. 2 $\frac{x 7}{1 4}$ 2. 3 $\frac{x 7}{2 1}$ 3. 1 0 $\frac{x 7}{70}$ 4. 2 1 $\frac{x 7}{147}$ *x* 7 147

Exercise

1. 1 <u>x</u> 7

	2. 1 2 7		
	3. 1 3 <i>x</i> 7		
	4. 1 0 <i>x</i> 7		
Download r	5. 1 1 <i>x</i> 7		
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ีรเ	JB THEME:	Child rig	hts
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Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

COMPETENCES: Defines a fraction

Names different fractions

Draws given fractions

METHOD: Observation

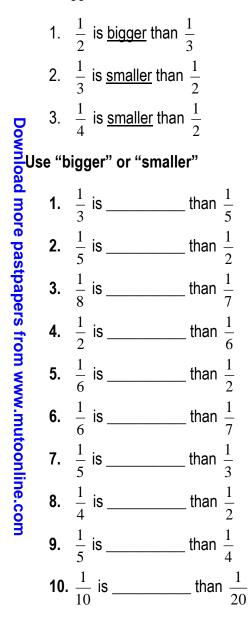
Guided discovery

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Comparing fractions.(practical)

A fraction is a part of a whole.

Use "bigger" and "smaller"



Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child rights

COMPETENCES: Defines a fraction

Names different fractions

Draws given fractions

METHOD: Observation Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Comparing fractions.

CONTENT: Comparing fractions. Arranging from the biggest to the smallest. 1. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{2}$ $= \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}$ 2. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{7}$ $= \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{7}$ Arranging from the smallest to the biggest. 1. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}$ $= \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}$

 $=\frac{1}{10},\frac{1}{8},\frac{1}{6},\frac{1}{5},\frac{1}{3},\frac{1}{2}$ 2. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{7}$ $=\frac{1}{7},\frac{1}{6},\frac{1}{5},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}$

Arrange from the biggest to smallest.

1. $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ 2. $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ 3. $\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}$ 4. $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{10}$

		6'4'3'7'8'1		
<u>A</u>	rrang	e from smallest to	<u>biggest.</u>	
Downlc	1.	e from smallest to $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{9}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{12}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{10}$ E: Child protection HEME: Child right		
ad m	2.	$\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{3}$		
ore pa	3.	$\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}$		
ıstpap	4.	$\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{7}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{0}$	
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ğTI	STHEME: Child protection			
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	Date

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME
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SUB THEME: Child rights

Identifies more fractions

Adds fractions correctly

METHOD: Guided Observation

Guided discovery

INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Adding of fractions.

1. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1+1}{2}$ $=\frac{2}{2}$ **2.** $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1+1}{3}$ $=\frac{2}{3}$ **3.** $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1+1+1}{5}$ Download more pastpapers from www.mutoonline.com **1.** $\frac{1}{2}$ **2.** $\frac{1}{4}$ **3.** $\frac{2}{5}$ **4.** $\frac{3}{6}$ **5.** $\frac{2}{8}$ **6.** $\frac{1}{2}$ $=\frac{3}{5}$ **4.** $\frac{1}{7} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{1+2+2}{7}$ $=\frac{5}{7}$ **1.** $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} =$ **2.** $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} =$ **3.** $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$ **4.** $\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} =$ 5. $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{8} =$ 6. $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$ 7. $\frac{2}{9} + \frac{4}{9} =$ 8. $\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} =$ 9. $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$ **10.** $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} =$

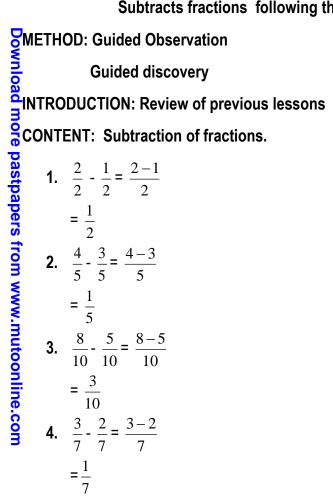
Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Child rights

COMPETENCES: Defines a fraction

Identifies fractions

Subtracts fractions following the right procedure



Exercise

1. $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} =$ **2.** $\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5} =$

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3. $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{6} =$ **4.** $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$ **5.** $\frac{10}{12} - \frac{5}{12} =$ 6. $\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{7} =$ 7. $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5} =$ 8. $\frac{8}{10} - \frac{5}{10} =$ 9. $\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} =$ **10.** $\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} =$

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME
<pre></pre>			

THEME: peace and security

SUB THEME: Roles of people who keep peace and security

COMPETENCES: Identifies time Tells time

Draws the clock face

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery

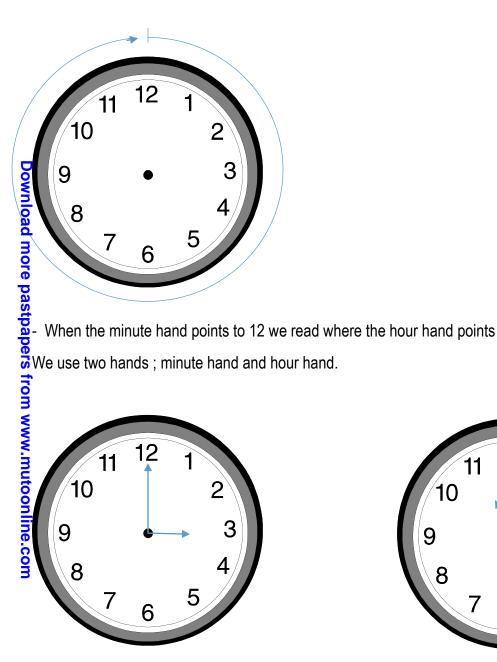
Guided discussion

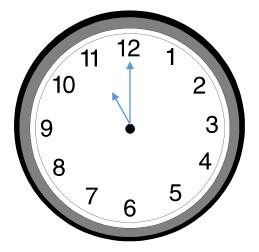
T/L AIDS:

INTRODUCTION: Reciting "wampologomasawameka"

CONTENT: Clock face

An hour has 60 minutes

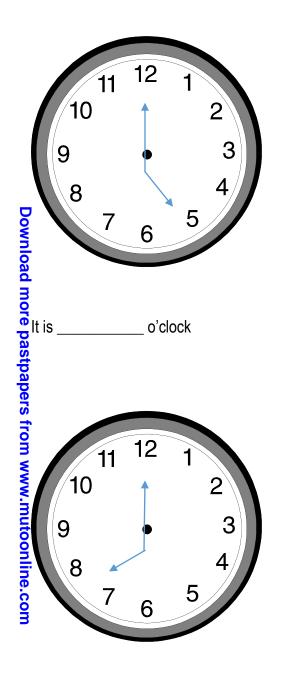




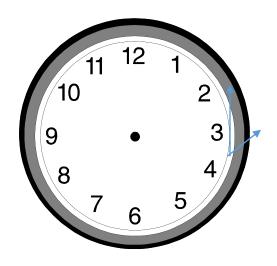
It is 3 o'clock



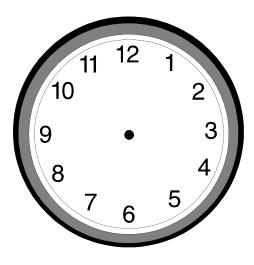
Tell the time



It is _____ o'clock

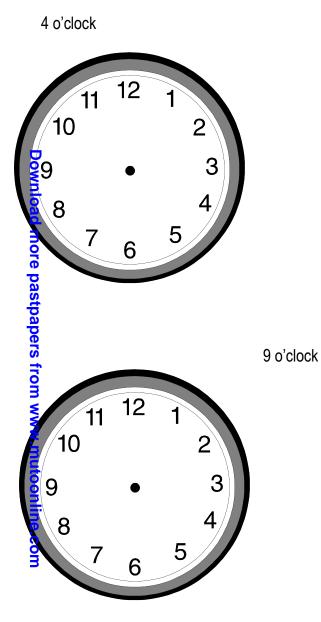


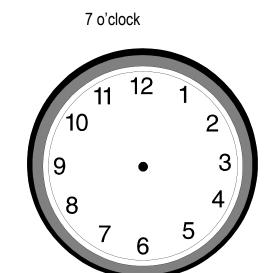
it is _____ o'clock



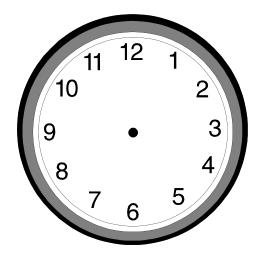


Show the time on the clock face





5 o'clock



Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

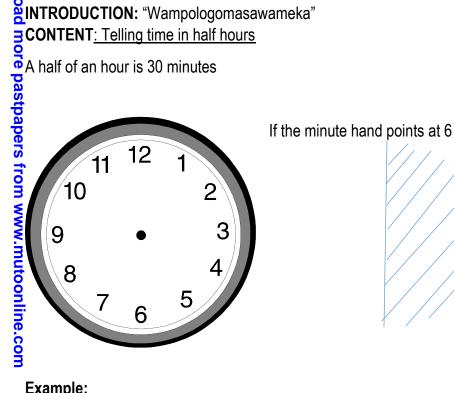
THEME: Peace and security SUB THEME: Roles of people who keep peace and security **COMPETENCES:** - Identifies time

- Tells time -
- Draws the clock faces -

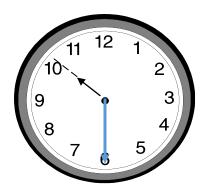
METHOD: - Observation

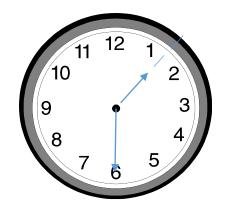
- Guided discovery

- Guided discovery - Guided discussion T/L AIDS INTRODUCTION: "Wampologomasawameka"

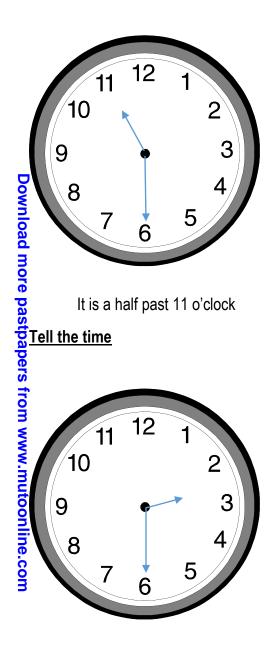


Example:

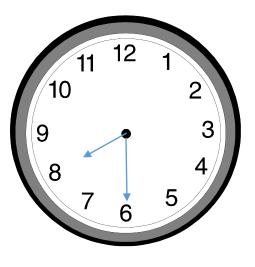




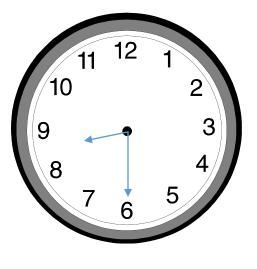
It is a half past 10 o'clock It is 30 minutes



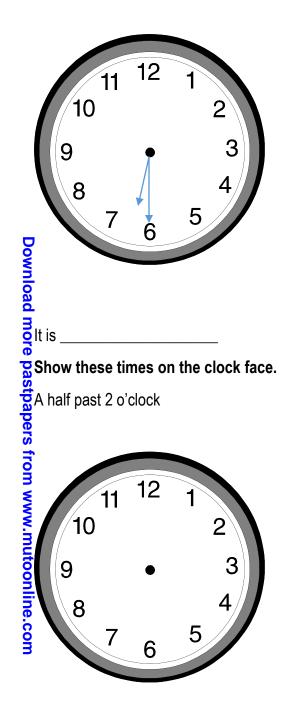
It is a half past 10 o'clock

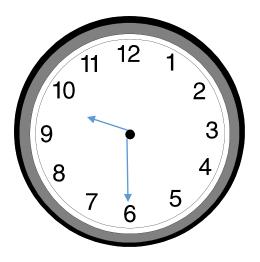


it is a half past 8 o'clock



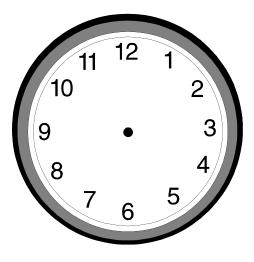
it is ___







A half past 7 o'



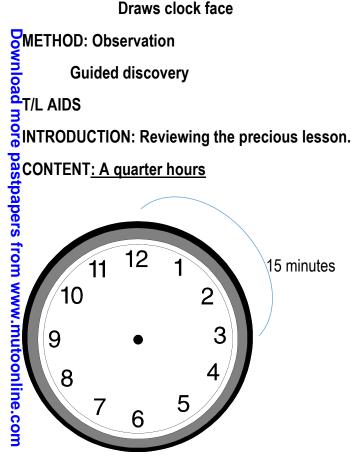
Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

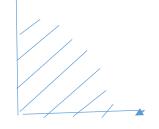
SUB THEME: Time

COMPETENCES: Identifies time

Tells time

Draws clock face



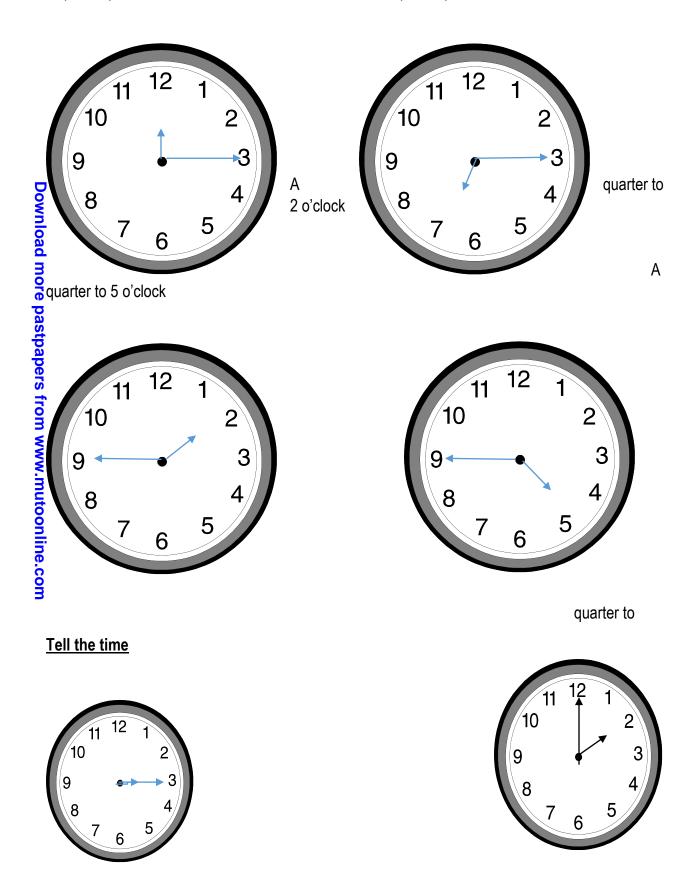


A quarter of an hour is 15 minutes.

Examples:

A quarter past 12 o'clock

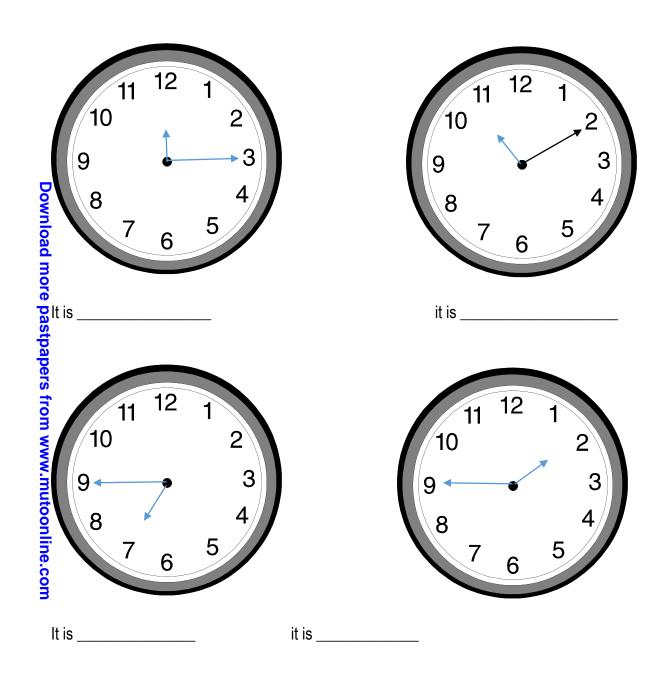
A quarter past 7 o'clock



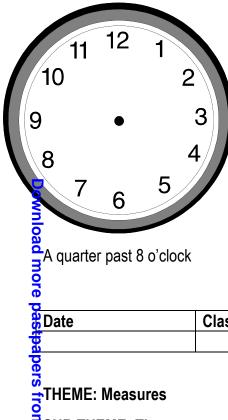


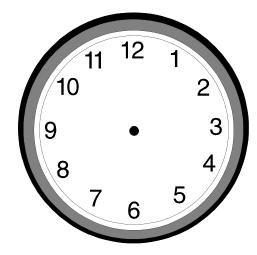
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Show the time on the clock face





A quarter to 9 o'clock

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

44

SUB THEME: Time

COMPETENCES: Identifies time

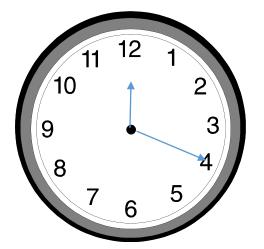
Tells time

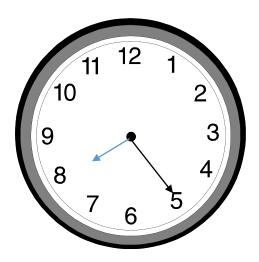
METHOD: Observation method

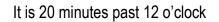
T/L AIDS: watches

SINTRODUCTION: Reciting a rhyme on time

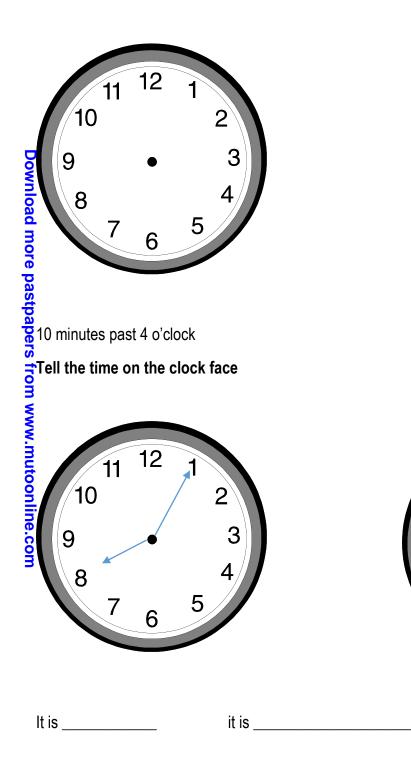
CONTENT: Telling time in minutes



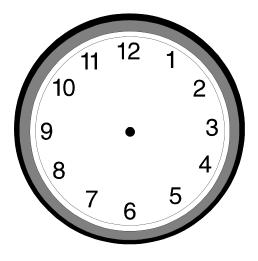




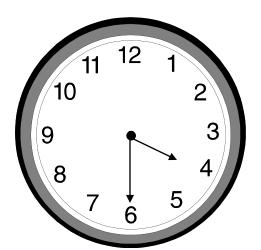
Show the time on the clock face

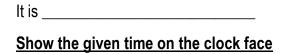


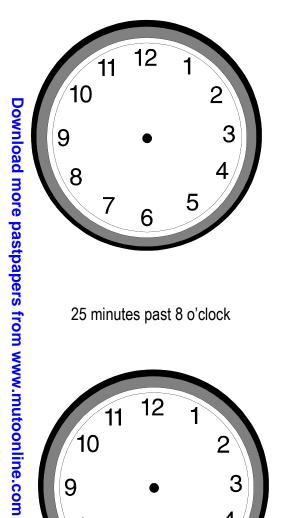
it is 5 minutes past 8 o'clock

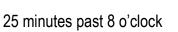


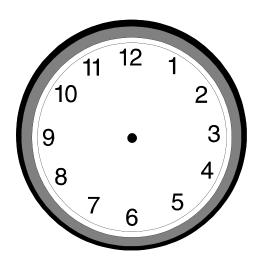
25 minutes past 8 o'clock



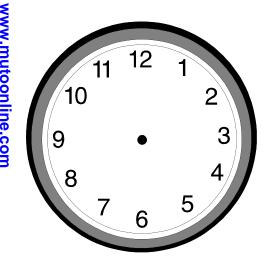








10 minutes past 4 o'clock



Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Days

COMPETENCES: Identifies days of the week

Names the days of the week with their positions

METHOD: Recitation

Guided discovery

VINTRODUCTION: Recite "Mandepalala...tue...."

CONTENT: Days of the week.

CONTENT: Days of the weat There are 7 days in a week. - Monday - Tuesday - Wednesd - Thursday - Friday - Saturday - Sunday. Fill in the gaps. 1. Sunday, _____ 2. How many days are 3. Write these days; I. 1st day = II. 2nd day = III. 3rd day = IV. 4th day =

- Wednesday

- 1. Sunday, _____, Tuesday, _____, Thursday, Friday, _____,
- 2. How many days are in a week?
- - - IV. 4^{th} day =
 - 5th day = V.
 - 6^{th} day = VI.
 - $7^{\text{th}} \text{day} =$ VII.
- 4. On which days do we go to school?
- 5. On which day do Christians go to church?
- 6. On which day do Muslims go for prayers?
- 7. Fill in the missing letters.
 - T ___ sday Ι.

II. We __ n__ sday III. Th __ _ sday

Date		Class	No. of pupils	TIME				
TUEME	Magauraa							
IHEME	THEME: Measures							
SUB TH	SUB THEME: Months							
COMPE	COMPETENCES: Identifies months of the year							
	COMPETENCES: Identifies months of the year Names months of the year and their days							
5	names	months of the y	ear and their days					
METHC	D: Recitation							
5	Guided disc	covery						
		, 	the of the year					
INTROL	JUCTION: A m	yme about moni	ins of the year.					
CONTE	Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: A rhyme about months of the year. CONTENT: Months of the year							
-	There are 12 months in a year							
Avoort		, ,						
A year r	nas 52 weeks n has 4 weeks nas 365/366 day							
A month	n has 4 weeks							
A vear l	nas 365/366 dav	/S.						
,	nths of the year	-						
	nths of the year							
1. 2.	January		31 days					
	February		28/29 days					
3.	March		31 days					
4.	April		30 days					
5.	Мау		31 days					
6.	June		30 days					
7.	July		31 days					
8.	August		31 days					
9.	September		30 days					
10.	October		31 days					
	November		20 dave					
<u> </u>	December		30 days 31 days					

Exercise

- 1. How many months make a year?
- 2. List down months with 31 days.
- 3. List down months with 30 days.
- 4. How many days does February have?
- 5. In which month do you celebrate your birthday?
- 6. In which month are we in now?
- 7. In which month do we celebrate Christmas day?

Date		Class		No. of pupils	Т	IME
THEME	: Measures					
SUB TI	: Measures HEME: Calend	ar				
СОМРІ	ETENCES: Rea	ads the calen	dar			
	ETENCES: Rea Identif DD: Guided dis Guided dis Observatic DUCTION:	ies the days o	f the week o	n the calendar		
МЕТНО	D: Guided dis	scussion				
	Guided dis	covery				
	Observatio	on				
INTRO	DUCTION:					
CONTE	NT: October	2014				
	Μ	Т	W	T	F	S
S			1	2	3	4
			•			
	6	7	8	9	10	11
			•	9 16	10 17	11 18
5	6	7	8	-		

- 1. Which day was 1st October 2014
- 2. Which date was the first Sunday of October 2014
- 3. How many days do October have
- 4. When was 31st October?
- 5. Which public holiday is on 9th October

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Length

COMPETENCES: Identifies length

Measures length

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery

VINTRODUCTION:

CONTENT: Measuring length using body parts (practical) Materials; - Hand span - Stride - Palm Measure the length of the following: - Chalkboard - Chalkboard ruler - Tables - Book shelf - Benches - Windows

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Length

COMPETENCES: Identifies

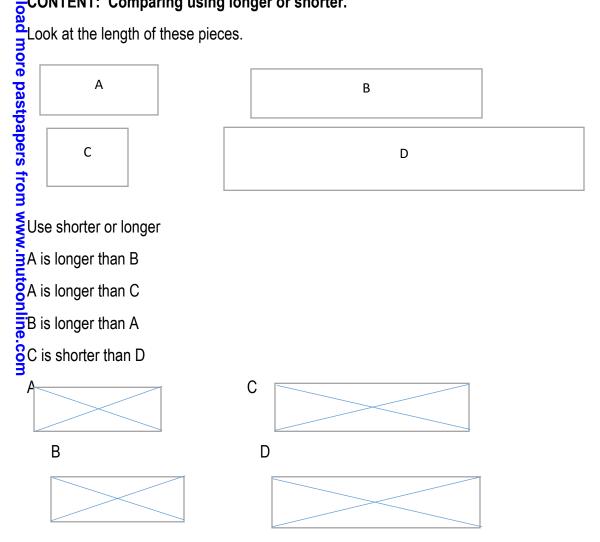
Compares length using longer or shorter

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery

VINTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Comparing using longer or shorter.



Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Length

COMPETENCES: Identifies length

Reads length

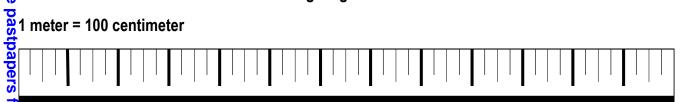
Writes length

METHOD: Observation

Guided discovery INTRODUCTION: Review of previous lesson

CONTENT: Measuring length in meters.

Meters are the standard units for measuring length.



Exercise

- 1. How many centimeters make 1 meter?
- 2. How many centimeters make 3 meters?

How many cen
 How many cen
 How many cen
 Write in full
 Cm =
 M =
 Use longer or shorter.
 A centimeter is

- 1. A centimeter is _____ than a meter
- 2. A meter is than a centimeter

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Length

COMPETENCES: Identifies centimeters and meters

Measures metres

Records information

METHOD: Fieldwork

Observation 'RODUCTION: Review of previous lessons NTENT: Practical lesson 1. Material = 1 meter ruler Recordings. Objects Length m/cm Class room Chalkboard Office block Main hall Dormitory Canteen Swimming pool			Recordinas.
Class room Chalkboard Office block	m/cm	Length m/cm Wi	Objects
Chalkboard Office block			Class room
Office block			Chalkboard
			Office block
Main hall			Main hall
Dormitory			Dormitory
Canteen			Canteen
Swimming pool			Swimming pool

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Length

COMPETENCES: Identifies the length

Adds the length

METHOD: Guided discovery

Guided discussion

VINTRODUCTION: Review of previous lessons

CONTENT: Addition of length

2meters + 3 meters = 5 meters

3meters +4 meters = ____ meters

1meters + 5 meters = ____ meters

20cm + 10 cm = ____ cm

Add the meters and centimeters

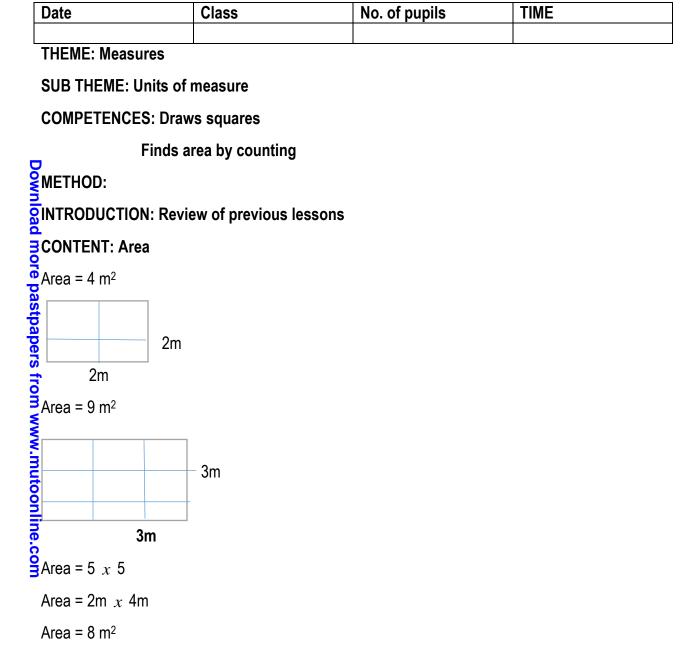
- 1. 5meters + 5 meters =
- 2. 4meters + 2 meters =
- 3. 7meters + 6 meters =
- 4. 30meters + 30 meters =

5. 9 meters

from www.mutoonline.com

+7 Meters

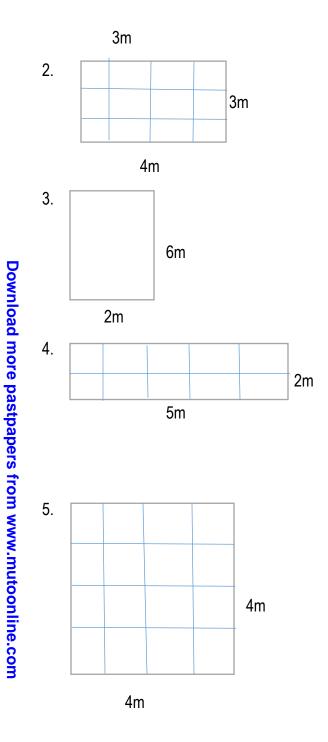
6. 1 2 centimeters + 1 0 centimeters



Exercise

Find the area





Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

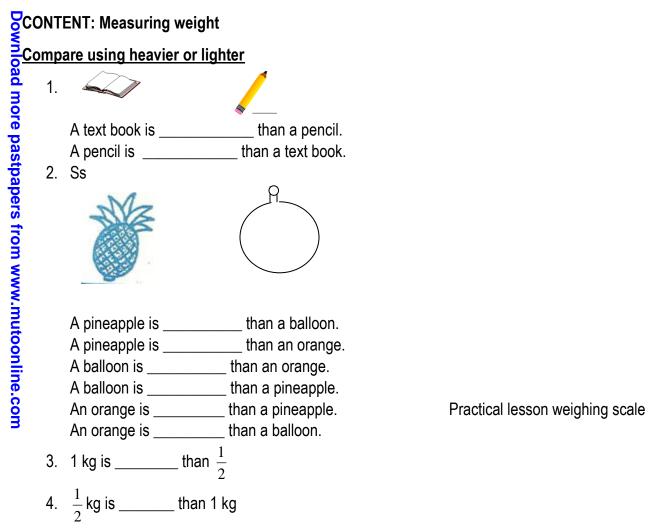
SUB THEME: Solids and shapes

COMPETENCES: Compares weight of objects using lighter or heavier

METHOD: guided discovery

INTRODUCTION: Defining weight

Is the heaviness or lightness of an object



Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Solids and shapes

COMPETENCES: Adds kilograms accurately

METHOD: guided discovery

INTRODUCTION: Review of the previous lessons

CONTENT: Addition of weight in kilograms

- Download
 1.
 1

 2.
 2.
 3.
 13

 More pastpapers
 1.
 7.
 2.
 86

 3.
 12
 86
 3.
 12

 4.
 U€
 12
 14
 15

 1. 1 kg + 2 kg = 3 kg **2.** 2 kg + 5 kg + 2 kg = 9 kg**3.** 13 kg + 14 kg = 27 kg 1. 7 kg + 3 kg = 2. 86 kg + 19 kg = **3.** 12 kg + 24 kg = 4. Use heavier or lighter Ι.
 - A pencil is _____ than a chair
 - A chair is _____ than a pencil. Ш.

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Solids and shapes

COMPETENCES: Identifies place values of digits

Subtracts kilograms carefully

METHOD:

INTRODUCTION:

CONTENT: Subtraction of weight 5kg - 2 kg = 3 kg 16kg - 4 kg = 12 kgExercise 1. 10 kg - 6 kg = 2. 16 kg - 6 kg = 3. 12 kg - 5 kg = 4. 5 kg - 1 kg = 5. 3 2 kg -12 kg 6. 2 0 kg -6 kg 7. 3 2 kg -17 kg

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Solids and shapes

COMPETENCES: Defines liters

Adds liters carefully

METHOD:

INTRODUCTION: Liter

A liter is a standard unit for measuring liquids. CONTENT: Things measured in liters are: - Milk , soda, liquid soap - Wine, water, paraffin and cooking oil Addition of liters: 2liters + 3 liters = 5 liters 2 oliters +3 4liters 5 4liters Exercise 1. 6 liters + 2 liters = 2. 4 liters + 3 liters = 3. 23 liters + 42 liters = 4. 12 liters + 4 liters = 5. 55 liters +25 liters

6. 4 9 2 liters +2 3 liters

- 7. 726 liters
 - + 3 liters

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

SUB THEME: Solids and shapes

COMPETENCES: Identifies things measured in liters

Subtracts carefully

METHOD:

INTRODUCTION:

CONTENT: Subtraction of liters
CONTENT: Subtraction of liters 6liters – 1 liter = 5 liters 20liters – 10 liters = 10 liters 2 0liters
20liters – 10 liters = 10 liters
2 Oliters
-1 Oliters
3 6liters
for any

1 6liters

- 1. 8 liters 5 liters
- 2. 6 liters 3 liters
- 3. 30 liters 20 liters
- Multiple for the second 4. 5 9liters -4 3liters

5. 6 4liters -2 6liters

6. 7 8 9liters +48 Oliters

7.	9 0 Oliters +50 Oliters

- 8. 6 4 8liters -4 8liters
- 9. 4 2 4liters

- 2liters

wnl				
oad				
Mo				
re				
Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME	
stp				

SUB THEME: Shapes and solids

COMPETENCES: Names and draw shapes

Identifies shapes correctly

METHOD:

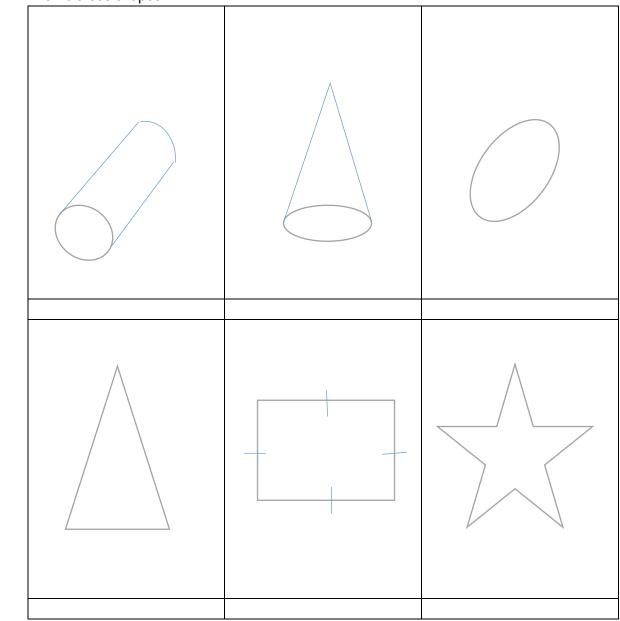
SINTRODUCTION:

CONTENT: Naming known shapes

- Triangle, circle, square -
- Zigzag, oval, kite, rectangle -
- Cylinder, star, cone -

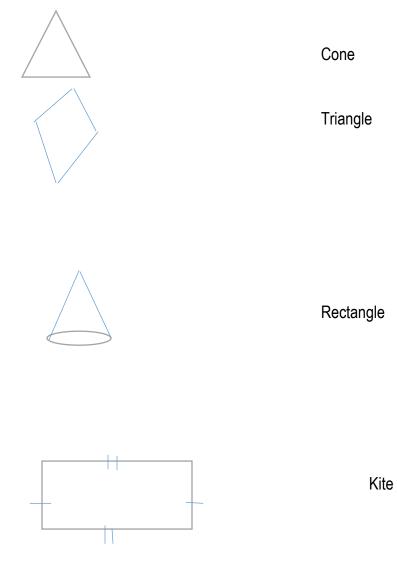
Exercise:

1. Name these shapes



- 2. Fill in the missing letters
 - I. K____te
 - II. C___cle
 - III. R _____ctangle
 - IV. Sq ____ re

3. Match the shapes to their names



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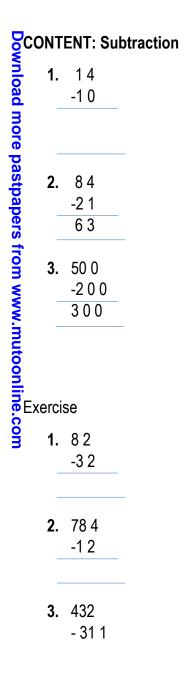
Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

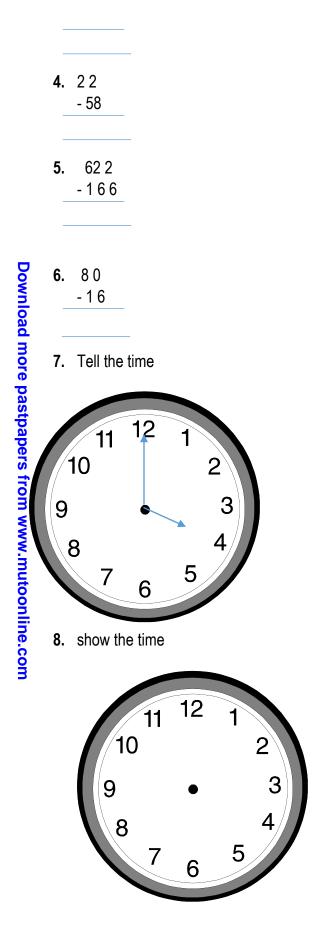
THEME: Recreation festivals and holiday

SUB THEME: Holidays

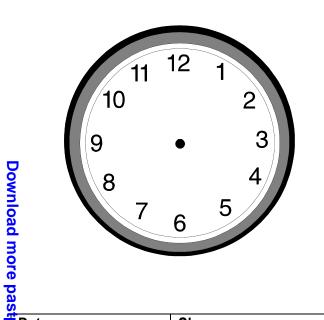
COMPETENCES: Counts, takes away and write correctly

INTRODUCTION: Review of the previous lessons





A half past 2



A quarter past 4

Date	Class	No. of pupils	TIME

THEME: Recreation festivals and holiday

SUB THEME: Holidays

COMPETENCES: identifies money and shops Reads and answers ques INTRODUCTION: Shopping

Reads and answers questions

Revision Sh

Shopping bill

Study the shopping bill below

Item	price
Sweet	Shs.100
apple	Shs.1000
Book	Shs.500
pencil	Shs.200

Questions

- 1. How many items are on the shopping bill?
- 2. What is the most expensive item?
- 3. Write the cheapest item
- 4. Which item costs Shs. 200
- 5. How much did that person use to buy all the items altogether
- 6. What is the cost of a book and pencil