P425/1

PAPER 1 (PURE MATHEMATICS)

MOCK 2024

AUGUST

TIME:3 HRS



MEBU EXAMINATIONS CONSULT

Uganda Advanced Certificate Of Education

MOCK EXAMINATIONS 2024

MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1 (PURE)

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer all the **eight** questions in section **A** and any **five** from section **B**

Any additional question(s) answered will **NOT** be marked.

All working must be shown clearly.

Begin each answer on a fresh sheet of paper.

A graph paper is provided.

Silent non programmable scientific calculators and mathematical tables with a list of formulae may be used.

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section

Evaluate
$$\int_{2}^{4} \frac{x^{3}-1}{x^{2}} dx$$
 (5 marks)
Solve the equation $5 \cos \theta + 2 \sin \theta = 3$ for $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ (5 marks)
The roots of a quadratic equation $x^{2} + 8x + 4 = 0$ are $\left(\alpha + \frac{1}{\beta}\right)$ and $\left(\beta + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)$. Find the
equation whose roots are α and β . (5 marks)
Find the acute angle between the lines $2x - y = 6$ and $x = 0$. (5 marks)
The sum of the first *n* terms of the progression is $S_{n} = n(n-2)$. Find the
(i) Sum of the first twenty terms (2 marks)
(ii) Twentieth term of the Progression. (3 marks)
Differentiate $\sqrt{(1 + x^{2})^{3}}$ with respect to x . (5 marks)
Prove that the points A, B and C whose position vectors are $2a$, $4b$ and $3a - 2b$ respectively
are collinear. (5 marks)
The height of the cylinder increases by 2%, find the percentage change in the radius if the
volume of the cylinder is to remain constant. (5 marks)

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Answer only *five* questions from this section

9. (a) Use the substitution $y = x - \frac{1}{x}$ to express $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ in terms of y. Hence solve the equation $2x^4 - 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$ (6 marks)

(b)Expand $(1-x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ using binomial theorem in ascending powers of x up to and involving x^3 , hence deduce the value of $\sqrt[3]{7}$ correct to three decimal places. (6 marks)

10 (a) Given that $z_1 = (4+5i)(7+2i)$ and that $z_2 = (4-5i)(7-2i)$. Write down the complex numbers z_1 and z_2 in the form x + yi. Hence express $18^2 + 43^2$ as a product of two prime factors. (5 marks)

(b)The point P representing a complex number z is such that

$$\arg(z+5-12i) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(i) Find the Cartesian equation of the locus of the point P. (4 marks)

(ii).Describe briefly the geometrical interpretation of the locus.(1 marks)(iii) Compute the minimum value of |z|(2 marks)

11. For the curve
$$y = \frac{(x-2)^2}{x+2}$$

i.Determine the nature turning points of the curve(7 marks)ii.State the asymptotes of the curve.(3 marks)iii.Sketch the curve.(2 marks)

2. The line l is drawn from A to B. B is the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the point A (7,2,1) to the line $r = (1 + \lambda)i + 2\lambda j + 3k$. Find the;

(a) Coordinates of the point B
(8 marks)
(4 marks)

 $(\frac{1}{2})$ Cartesian equation of the line l

13 (a) Prove that $\frac{\cos 3\theta + \cos \theta}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta} = 1 + \cos 2\theta - \sin 2\theta$

Hence deduce
$$\frac{\frac{\cos 67 \frac{1}{2}^{o} + \cos 22 \frac{1}{2}^{o}}{\cos 22 \frac{1}{2}^{o} + \sin 22 \frac{1}{2}^{o}}}{(7 \text{ marks})}$$

(b) Solve the equation:
$$2\cos^2\theta + \sin\theta = 1$$
 for $-180^\circ \le \theta \le 180^\circ$ (5 marks)

14 (a) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x \tan^2 x dx$$
 (6 marks)

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Turn Over

(b) Differentiate $x^2 + e^{2x} + x^x$ with respect to x.

15(a). The points $P\left(\frac{p}{3}, \frac{9}{p}\right)$ and $Q\left(\frac{q}{3}, \frac{9}{q}\right)$ lie on a rectangular hyperbola. Determine the equation of the chord *PQ* and deduce the equation of the tangent at a point whose parameter is 't'. (6 marks)

(b).Given that the chord *PQ* is parallel to the line 6x + 2y = 3, Show that the locus of M the midpoint of PQ is a straight line . (6 marks)

16. An Antelope runs from point A towards B, 100m apart at a rate proportional to the square root of the distance yet to be covered. If the speed of the Antelope at a point A is $20ms^{-1}$. Find the;

(i) Time it takes for the Antelope to reach point B. (7 marks)
(ii) Distance covered from point A by the Antelope in 8 seconds and the speed of the Antelope at this instant. (5 marks)

END

(6 marks)