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P530/1 BIOLOGY PAPER 1 July/August 2024 2¹/₂ hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education BIOLOGY (Theory)

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of 40 questions in section A and 6 questions in section B.

Answer all questions in both sections A and B

Section A: Answers to this section must be written in the boxes provided.

Section B: Answers to this section should be written in the spaces provided and not anywhere else.

No additional sheet(s) of paper should be inserted in this booklet.

	FO	R EXAMIN	NERS' USE ONLY	
SECTION		MARKS	Examiners' initials & No.	
Section A:	1-40			
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	42	es estated	The same of the sa	
C ti D	43			
Section B:	44			
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	46			
TOTAL		f. I eq.	42	

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basilal membrane.

Otolinths.

Endolymph.

aqueous humor.

В.

C.

D.

	SECT	TION A (40 MARKS)
	to the mo	ost correct answer in the box provided on the right o
rite the	e letter corresponding to the me	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ch que	stion.	the many accumulate due to
La	arge amounts of un decompose	d organic matter may accumulate due to
A.	Absence of decomposers.	
B.	1.	in.
C.		
D.	Abundance of nutrients.	
Ce	ells are limited in size in order	to
A.	cut down energy demands	
В.		nucleus.
C.	reduce the surface area.	
D.	increased cell division.	Caraba da 1919 da alemana de 1919 de 1
		ht and electron microscope except
Ta	ble 1	230 K93
	Light microscope	Electron microscope
Λ	Hass light to Swisser? alice t	TT1446
A	. Uses light to 'view' object	Uses electrons to 'view' objects
В	. Uses glass lenses for	Heer magnetic langue for featuring
	focusing	Uses magnetic lenses for focusing
C.	. Specimen must be killed	Specimen be alive and non-strained
	and strained	Specificing of any and non-strained
D.	. Resolution is not as great	Resolution is greater
	-	a ground
The	e role of light reactions in phot	
A.	reduce carbon dioxide.	osynthesis is to
В.		to
C.	reduce glycerate 3 phospha regenerate RUBP.	ite.
D.	form ATP.	tite to a fiel subjection road after a company of the
D.	ioini ATT.	
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A.	adult male with undeveloped t Down syndrome.	colco is likely to suffer from
В.	Klinefelter syndrome.	[- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
C.	Turner syndrome.	to all contains.
D.	Jacob's syndrome.	The second secon
υ.	sacob's syndrome.	A political to the second of t
Whi	ch of the following is two -f	II of the same
A.	ch of the following is true of a lacks a basement membrane	in epithelial tissue?
В.		2.
C.	have a rich blood supply.	
D.	cells have a free surface.	
D.	have cilia on their free surfa	ice.
Ction	ulotion - 61 ' ' '	
A	ulation of hair cells in the sem	ni-circular canals results from the movement of
A.	basilal membrane	The of

8.	The role of calcium ions during muscle concentration is to A. lower the threshold value of the muscle spindle. B. activate troponin to displace tropomyosin. C. activate actin to displace tropomyosin. D. break the actomyosin bridges.
9.	Which of the following is true of natural immunity. It A. is Non- specific. B. has a memory. C. is adaptive. D. is acquired.
10.	The distance a bird can glide in still air depends on the A. weight of its body. B. the size of its wings. C. shape of its wings. D. height it starts the glide.
11.	In an endergonic reaction, the product of the reaction contains A. more energy than the reaction and energy is released. B. more energy than the reactants and energy must be supplied. C. less energy than the reactants and energy is released. D. less energy than the reactants and energy must be supplied.
12.	Interconversion of phytochromes Pr to Pfr can be initiated by subjecting a plant to a A. flash of red light. B. flash of far red light. C. long period of darkness. D. short period of darkness.
13.	The intensity of a sound is determined by: A. frequency of the sound waves. B. stiffness of the basilar membrane. C. Amplitude of the sound waves. D. pattern of impulses in the auditory nerve.
14.	Synchronous contraction of all muscles of an earthworm is as a result of A. contraction of the longitudinal muscle. B. high transmission velocity of impulses. C. contraction of the circular muscle. D. rotation of the chaetae.
15.	Plants lack a circulatory system for transporting gases yet some are large because: A. they have few living cells most of the plant being dead wood. B. they have large surface area to volume ratio. C. they are less metabolically active than animals. D. the gases would normally block xylem vessels.
16.	During sex determination The X and Y chromosomes are only important A. once gonads are formed. B. during early stage of gonad development. C. when sex hormones take over. D. in homogametic individuals.

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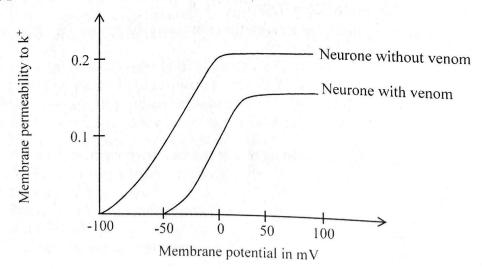
17.	Extremities of animals in cold regions, A. are large with a rich blood supply. B. are large with a small blood supply. C. are smaller with a small blood supply. D. have poor insulation mechanism.
18.	Which one of the following does not involve mass flow? A. Blood flow in veins. B. Up take of food by tape worm. C. Movement of food in the gut. D. Translocation in the xylem.
19.	Myelinated axons of a frog conduct impulses at a lower speed than those of same diameter in a rat because the A. myelin shealth in axons of frogs is thinner. B. rat is endothermic. C. neurons of a frog have more synapses. D. frog lives in cold water.
20.	The amount of energy in the producers available to the consumers is called the A. energy budget. B. standing crop. C. net primary production. D. net secondary production.
21.	A polar bear has a lower lethal temperature than a kangaroo rat because of A. better insulation mechanisms in kangaroo rat. B. large size of the polar bear. C. White body colour of the polar bear. D. Better insulation mechanisms in the polar bear.
22.	The main physiological mechanism employed by plants to avoid wilting is A. production of abscisic acid. B. rolling leaves. C. development of thick cuticle. D. Production of gibberellions.
23.	Hydrophytes lack wax- covered leaves because A. they need much air for respiration. B. they do not need to conserve water. C. the wax would make the leaves heavy and sink. D. their leaves cannot support synthesise wax.
24.	Which of the following is true of bacterial DNA? A. Presence of telomeres. B. Presence of linear chromosomes. C. It is Diploid. D. Presence of introns and exons.
25.	Which of the following is most suitable for determining the commonest plant species in a large habitat? A. Line transect. B. Quadrat. C. Direct count. D. Aerial view method.
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33.

26.	Following ovulation; the corpus luteum develops under the influence of A. Luteinizing hormone.
	B. Progesterone.
	C. Follicle stimulating hormone.
	D. Estradiol.
27.	Crossing over occurs between
	A. non sister chromatids of a bivalent.
	B. Sister chromatids of the same chromosome.
	C. two different kinds of chromosomes.
	D. two different kinds of bivalents.
28.	Which of these are present in all viruses?
	A. Envelope, nucleic acid, capsid.
	B. DNA, RNA and proteins.
	C. Proteins, Lucleic acids, carbohydrates and lipids.
	D. Proteins and a nucleic acid.
29.	The transport of products of photosynthesis as a result of turgor pressure difference is
27.	called
	A. Osmotic movement.
	B. Cytoplasmic.
	C. Mass flow.
	D. Active transport.
20	하는 사람이 보다 얼마나 살아왔다. 그 사람이 아니는 그는 사람들은 얼마나 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은
30.	Which of the following is the true about the adjustments of the thorax during inhalation
	in humans?
	A. The diaphragm becomes dome shape. B. External intercostal muscles relax.
	C. The rib cage moves upwards and inwards.
	D. Internal intercostal muscles relax.
31.	The oxidation of stearic acid in cellular respiration is represented by the equation.
	$C_{17}H_{35}COOH + 26O_2 \rightarrow 18CO_2 + 18H_2O_{(2)}$
	Which of the following figures represents the correct respiratory quotient of stearic
	acid?
	A. 0.54
	B. 0.69
	C. 0.2
	D. 0.65
32.	Which of the following type of learning makes humans more superior to all other types of animals?
	of animals?
	A. Insight learning.
1	3. Trial and error learning.
(C. Associative learning.
Ι	
22 ~	일시 마음을 발생하면 하는 사람이 되었다. 이 전에 바쁘게 되는 것으로 가는 사람이 되었다.
	he essential products of the Krebs cycle are
A	
В	The state of the s
C.	0) 1111 10 11 10 111
D.	Carbon dioxide and energy.
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34.	The leaves of a submerged plant are usually A. large, thin and fragile. B. large, thick and deep green. C. small, yellowish – green and flattened. D. small, thick and waxy.
35.	Which of the following component of semen provides the sperms with a source of energy? A. Glucose. B. Fructose. C. Sucrose. D. Galactose.
36.	 The main role of the inflammatory response is to; A. Increase blood flow at the site of the wound to flush out invading pathogens. B. Produce anti bodies that bind to invading cells to eliminate them. C. Contain and eliminate foreign cells and materials at the site of infection. D. Increase heat at the site of infection to activate enzymes used in the immune response.
37.	The adaptive significance of spiracles in terrestrial insects is that they A. open into the body cavity allowing direct contact between haemolymph and tissues. B. they close off trachea to minimize water loss. C. dilate and constrict during flight or other types of movement functioning as a breathing mechanism. D. they are highly branched offering a large surface area for gas exchange.
38.	Figure below shows membrane permeability to K ⁺ at different membrane potentials with similar nerve cells. One neuron had scorpion venom added to the surrounding medium and the other without

Fig. 1



Which of these conclusions can you draw from the data?

- A. There is more than one type of K^+ channel.
- B. The venom blocks all K + channels.
- C. The venom opens all K⁺ channels.
- D. The venom doesn't affect K⁺ movement.

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43.

Fig. 2

42. The rate of photosynthesis at different light intensities for two different species of plants was investigated as shown in figure 3 below. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.

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Rate of photosynthesis		
otos		Canaina E
, ph	,	Species E
e of	<i>i</i> /	
Rat	! /	
	Light intensity	

(0)	TT_*	1 : 6	
(a)	D o	ng the information in the figure above, explain of the two spectr E which one is better adapted to living in shady conditions.	cies of plants, (03 marks)
	••••	······································	
		······································	
(b)	Sug of s	gest four ways in which structure of the leaves of species D d	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	••••		
(c)	State	e three roles of light in photosynthesis.	
			(03 marks)
			L
(a)	(i)	Distinguish between parasites and saprophytes.	
			(04 marks)
		,	

44.

	(ii)	Explain why detritivores are important in the decomposition process (0-	ess. 4 marks)
b)	State	two other factors that affect decomposition in nature. (0	2 marks)
,			
			fshort
nd lo	ng day	ow shows the results of an experiment to demonstrate the effect of illumination on the percentage germination of seed samples from	a short
ay pl Fig. 3		the real to depresent that there is a constant of the figure of the properties.	
rig. o		40 Long day illuminated	
		40 + Long day illuminated sample	
	on	30 +	
	% germination		
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		Time in days	
.)	State	four differences in the effects of short and long day illumination entage germination of the seed samples.	(04 marks)
			······
)	Expla	ain the effect of varying the illumination cycles on germination	of the long
)		Illuminated seed sample.	(03 marks)
	n LA la	alikija prima pingga arlasi sa silikansus je to is ama mata bewelli i	
		1. Switche will be recovered to a secret California Par	
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	(c)	Stat	te three other external factors that may influence the onset of g	germination (02 monts)
		of t	he above seed samples.	(03 marks)
45.	(a)	Def	fine the term population.	(03 marks)
	(b)	Stat	te four factors that may cause the carrying capacity of the enviseeded.	ronment to be (04 marks)
	(c)	Exp	lain how the size of a population may vary over time.	
		(i)	below its carrying capacity.	(02 marks)
		(ii)	At its carrying capacity.	(01 mark)
16.	(a)	50101	desse islands are 150 species of lizards belonging to the genus ntists believe that these species evolved from two species four Uganda. Explain how the species could have evolved.	A
		•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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